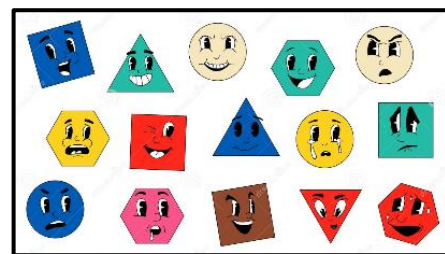


屏東縣立中正國民中學 113 學年度第二學期第二次段考九年級英語科試題

◆請將答案以 2B 鉛筆劃記於答案卡，否則不予計分。 九年____班 座號：____ 姓名：____

第一部份：口說測驗 10%

第二部份：單題【每題2分】40%



- () 1. Look at the picture. How many different kinds of shapes are there in the picture?
(A) Three (B) Four (C) Five (D) Six
- () 2. These shoes don't _____ my clothes at all. I need to find a better pair.
(A) match (B) put (C) draw (D) fix
- () 3. The teacher asked a difficult question, and I had no idea how to answer it. My mind went _____.
(A) sharp (B) bright (C) full (D) blank
- () 4. The old castle is dark and lonely. Some people say there might be _____ inside, so they are too scared to enter.
(A) paintings (B) lights (C) ghosts (D) plants
- () 5. During exam season, many students have to _____ the hard work and limited time that come with a lot of tests.
(A) slim down (B) give in to (C) break down (D) put up with
- () 6. Today isn't my day. My scooter ran out of _____ this morning, so I was late for work.
(A) wish (B) water (C) gas (D) oil
- () 7. Unlike robots, _____ have feeling and can think for themselves.
(A) machines (B) humans (C) computers (D) software
- () 8. The school started a new reading _____ to help students develop a habit of reading more books.
(A) concert (B) risk (C) note (D) program
- () 9. James does not like to spend time taking out the garbage. He always has his sister _____ it for him.
(A) do (B) does (C) did (D) done
- () 10. After the fire, everyone in the apartment was _____ when they cooked. They did not want any people to be hurt again.
(A) more carefully (B) more careful (C) the most careful (D) the most carefully
- () 11. Before the typhoon really _____ Taiwan, the price of the vegetables _____ really high.
(A) hit ; have risen (B) hits ; has been (C) will hit ; has risen (D) has hit ; rose
- () 12. Amy: Can you tell me again when _____? John: At 7 pm this Saturday.
(A) will the party be held (B) the party is going starting (C) will the party begin (D) the party will be held
- () 13. The driver _____ was playing games on his cellphone didn't notice the boy _____ the street and hit him on the spot.
(A) who ; crossing (B) who ; crosses (C) that ; crossed (D) whom ; crossing
- () 14. A wise person learns from the mistakes of _____, and it's a key that can save us a lot of time and problems.
(A) the one (B) another (C) others (D) the other
- () 15. Greenland _____ Trump strongly wants to buy, is a large island.
(A) that (B) where (C) , which (D) which
- () 16. The singer _____ voice is touching and lovely is my favorite. I love his singing so much!
(A) whose (B) with (C) who (D) his
- () 17. James loves _____ dinner for her family. He plans _____ a cook in the future.
(A) make; be (B) making; being (C) to make; being (D) to make; to be

- () 18. Alan doesn't want _____ what to do. He only does things he likes to do
(A) to be told (B) to tell (C) told (D) telling
- () 19. George: The juice smells _____. _____ does it taste? Peppa: You won't like it.
(A) worse ; What's (B) strange ; What (C) like medicine ; How (D) the least ; How
- () 20. Jason didn't understand what "take after" meant in the reading below:

...Emma has always loved painting. Whenever she picks up a brush, her family tells her, "You take after your mom! She was also a great artist when she was young."

He looked it up in the dictionary and found more than one meaning. What does "take after" mean here?

- (A) To run after someone (B) To be like someone (C) To take something away (D) To carry something

第三部份：題組【21~30 每題 3 分；31~35 每題 4 分】 50%

A. (21~23)

People are often told to work as hard as ants or bees. When we take a look at the ant colony, we will find ants walk here and there. They always look busy with something. Daniel Charbonneau and his friends were curious about it and tried to find ____21.____.



For study, in 2015, Daniel and his friends built 20 nests with the ants which were collected from a forest in Arizona. By the use of painting on each ant in the nests, they could clearly watch which ants were working and which ones were not. To their surprise, ____22.____ when the others were busy carrying food back, feeding or taking care of the queen and their baby ants and eggs, or cleaning the nest. The team members were troubled because it was quite different from what people thought about ants.

Did those lazy ants just wait for food which the busy ones carried back from the outside? Didn't the busy ants "say" anything about it? The team members tried to ____23.____. They moved the lazy ants away from their nest first. Nothing happened! The busy ants still worked as usual. However, when they moved the busy ants away from the nest, something happened. The lazy ants took over the busy ones' jobs. They found the same fact in all the nests. Then they got it. Those lazy ants were not really lazy. They just stood by there! They would "become" busy when they were needed.

📖 colony 蟻群 nests 巢穴

- 21.(A) whether ants were hard-working
(B) what the hard-working insects did
(C) why ants were called hard-working
(D) where the hard-working insects worked
- 22.(A) the worker ants with most colorful paints on their bodies worked harder than before
(B) almost 40% of the worker ants were either helping the queen ant or standing there
(C) the worker ants could keep their nest clean though there were a lot of "rooms" in it
(D) almost 40% of the worker ants neither moved nor worked as those busy ones did
- 23.(A) change the worker ants' way of working
(B) find the reason why ants worked so hard
(C) find the answer to the interesting question
(D) change the places of the queen ant and eggs

B. (24~26)

24. According to the poster, what is a good thing about AI?
- (A) AI can make you spend more money on extra functions.
(B) AI can help you save time when looking for things online.
(C) AI can take away all your job chances.
(D) AI can learn everything by itself without help.
25. According to the poster, what might be a problem with AI?
- (A) You might break the law and you have no idea you’ve done it.
(B) You might get a lot of useless information using AI.
(C) You might use AI to create more innovative reports.
(D) You might take longer to decide because AI gives too many choices.
26. Who do you think will agree with this poster?
- (A) David likes AI because it’s creative and helpful for all types of homework.
(B) Nelson doesn’t like AI because it’s like a robot with no own feelings.
(C) Tracy likes AI because she doesn’t have to spend money on functions.
(D) Pauline doesn’t like AI because it gives people more work to do.

📖 analyze 分析；trial and error 試誤；function 功能；innovative 創新的

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

PROS

- Save you lots of time trying to look for things online.
- Analyze the data in a fast way.
- Lower costs (You spend less buying products and services.)
- Make a decision in just seconds.
- Help people avoid trial and error.
- Make good use of all information and solve many questions.
- Understand any kind of data.

CONS

- Not able to control everything of AI.
- Machines don't have any feelings.
- Not able to learn by itself. People have to train their own AI.
- Take away many job chances from people.
- High costs (If you want more functions, you have to pay.)
- Not much creativity and out-of-box learning.
- You might steal someone's ideas without noticing.


C. (27~30)

_____27._____

Wildfires have become a growing problem in recent years, affecting forests, animals, and people around the world. In 2020, California and Oregon in the United States experienced some of the largest wildfires in their history, with over 4 million acres burned in California alone. In 2019~2020, Australia faced its worst bushfire season, called the “Black Summer, ” where 18 million hectares of land burned, killing over 1 billion animals and destroying many forests. Just this year, in January 2025, massive wildfires in Los Angeles forced over 105,000 people to leave their homes, destroying homes and habitats in the process. Scientists say climate change is making wildfires worse by causing hotter temperatures and drier conditions, which make forests and grasslands more likely to catch fire.


These wildfires create big challenges for protecting nature. Forests are home to many plants and animals, and when they burn, **biodiversity** is harmed. For example, uncommon animals in Australia’s forests, like koalas, lost their homes during the Black Summer fires. Wildfires also release huge amounts of carbon dioxide into the air, which makes climate change worse and hurts efforts to keep land healthy. However, some controlled fires can help forests by clearing dead plants and making space for new growth. To address these issues, countries need to manage wildfires better, protect forests, and find ways to fix harmed land.


📖 affect/impact 影響；acres 英畝；hectares 公頃；massive 巨大的；destroy 摧毀；habitats 棲息地；carbon dioxide 二氧化碳





27. What’s the best title for the reading?
- (A) How to Stop All Fires Forever
(B) Wildfires That Make It Rain
(C) Wildfires for Cooking Dinner
(D) The Impact of Wildfires on Nature and Climate
28. According to the reading, what is one reason wildfires are becoming worse in recent years?
- (A) People are building more homes in forests.
(B) Climate change is causing hotter and drier weather.
(C) Animals are starting more fires in forests.
(D) There are fewer firefighters to stop the fires.

29. According to the reading, what does **biodiversity** mean?
- (A) The level of carbon dioxide released by wildfires into the air.
- (B) The way of clearing dead plants to help forests grow better.
- (C) The number of people who have to leave their homes during wildfires.
- (D) The group of plants and animals living in forests and other areas.
30. The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), created by the United Nations, are trying to make the world a better place by solving global problems. According to the wildfire events in the reading, which goal are people most likely working toward?

(A) 

(B) 

(C) 

(D) 


D. (31~32)

Shine Bright

*The day is near, your moment's here,
No need to shake or fear, my dear.
You've worked so hard, you've learned so much,
Your brain's a star with a golden touch.
Each question comes, you'll find a way,
With every step, you'll shine today.
Breathe in deep, let worries fall,
You've got the strength to conquer all.
Pens will dance, and minds will soar,
Knowledge flows from every pore.
Believe in you, the best you'll see,
This day's your chance to just be free!*

31. What is the main idea of the poem “Shine Bright”?
- (A) Facing a big day with fear is the best way to succeed.
- (B) It's impossible to prepare for an important moment.
- (C) Effort and confidence can help anyone do well on a big day.
- (D) People should hide their knowledge when challenges come.
32. What can we learn from the poem “Shine Bright”?
- (A) It's best to give up when facing a difficult day.
- (B) Hard work and believing in yourself can lead to success.
- (C) Important days are always full of mistakes.
- (D) Knowledge is not helpful for big challenges.
- 📖 brain 大腦；conquer 克服；soar 上升；pore 小孔；effort 努力

E. (33~35)

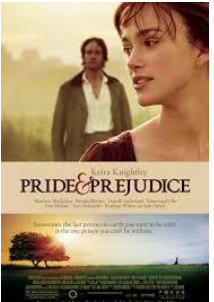
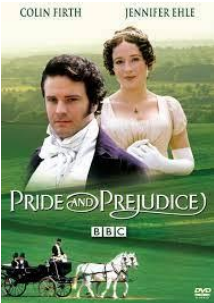


Jane Austen was born in 1775 in a quiet English village called Steventon, where she grew up surrounded by her seven brothers and sisters. She loved reading and writing from a young age, but she never married or moved far from home. Instead, she stayed close to her family, quietly crafting six famous novels, like *Pride and Prejudice* and *Sense and Sensibility*. When she died in 1817 at age 41, few people knew her as a writer because her books came out without her name. It was only years later that her stories won huge fans.

Austen's novels dive into everyday life—village dances, chatty neighbors, and young people looking for love. But she wasn't just telling sweet tales. She used her **sharp wit** to show how much people cared about money, social rank, and finding the “right” husband or wife. In *Pride and Prejudice*, Elizabeth Bennet argues with the proud Mr. Darcy, and both have to fix their wrong ideas before they fall in love. This story's been remade often: a 1940 film with Greer Garson, a 1995 BBC miniseries with Colin Firth, and a 2005 movie starring Keira Knightley. Now, Netflix is planning a new series for the coming year, showing that her stories still hook us.

While wars with France and new inventions shook England during her life, Austen kept her stories small and personal. Some say she missed the big picture; others argue she showed what really shaped people's hearts. Her clever words and tangled feelings keep her books alive today.

📖 craft 製作；dive into 探討；rank 等級；argue 爭論；hook 吸引；inventions 發明；tangled 糾結的



33. According to the reading, what does “sharp wit” mean?
- (A) A clever and funny way of thinking
 - (B) A loud voice that scared others
 - (C) A boring style of writing
 - (D) A secret plan to trick readers
34. According to the reading, which of the following is true about Jane Austen?
- (A) She moved to a big city to write her novels and became famous during her lifetime.
 - (B) She grew up with a small family and wrote about wars in England.
 - (C) She wrote only one famous novel, Pride and Prejudice, which was never remade.
 - (D) She never married and her books became popular after her death.
35. According to the reading, why might some people say Austen “missed the big picture”?
- (A) She didn’t write about her family enough.
 - (B) She only wrote about rich people’s problems.
 - (C) She focused on small lives instead of wars and changes.
 - (D) She made her stories too funny to be serious.

※試題結束※

Wishing you all the best of luck on your exams and a bright, successful future ahead!

